

# **Socioeconomic Benefits of LME valuation in context of Climate Change**

**U. Rashid Sumaila**

**Fisheries Economics Research Unit & Sea Around Us  
The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, Canada  
[r.sumaila@oceans.ubc.ca](mailto:r.sumaila@oceans.ubc.ca)**



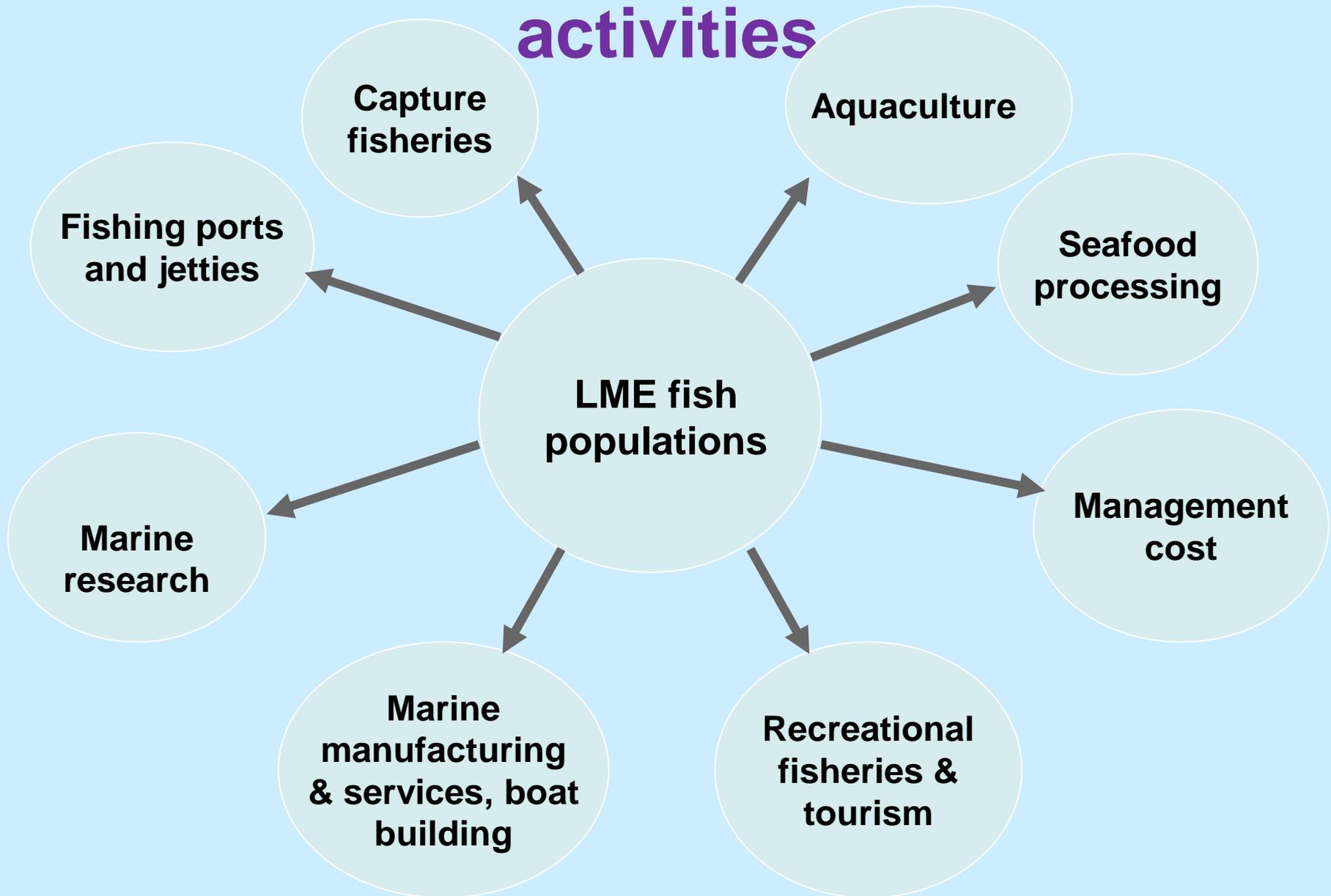
**PIRATA-PREFACE-CLIVAR Tropical Atlantic Variability  
Conference, August 25 – 28, 2015**



# Key messages/outline of talk

- LMEs provide crucial ecosystems services, e.g., fisheries, that are important to people;
- Even without climate change, LME fisheries, in general, are in trouble;
- Climate change will affect the biophysics of the ocean;
- It would therefore impact the socioeconomics and governance of LMEs.

# LME Fish as base for many activities



# Importance of LME fish to food security

- Annual ocean fish catch is ~80 million t;
- Fish is a good source of protein, micro-nutrients, minerals and essential fatty acids;
- Provides 3 billion people up to 15% of dietary animal protein;
- For low-income food-deficit countries, the contribution of fish to total animal intake is nearly 20%.

# Fisheries values from LMEs worldwide

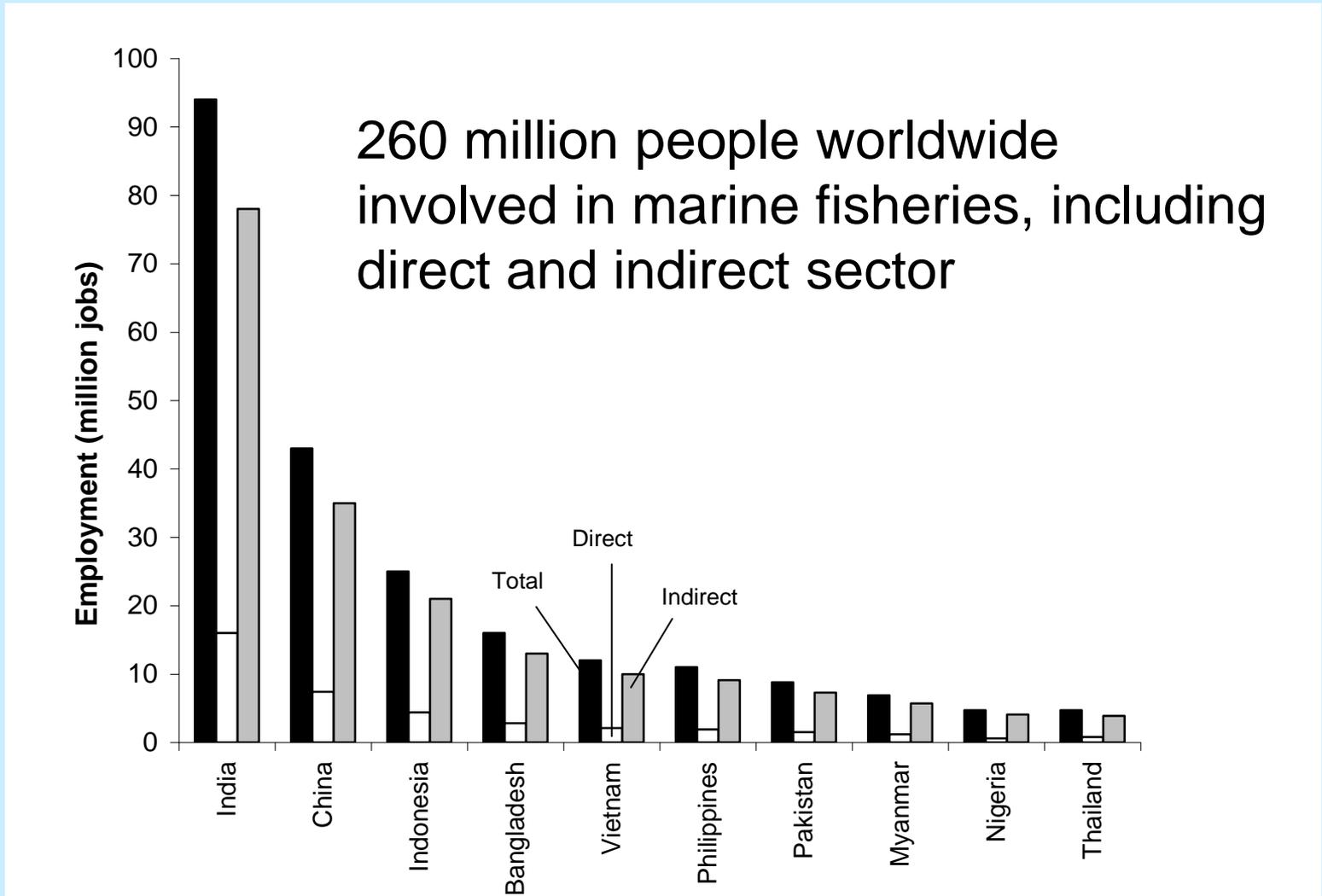


Total annual catch=80 million t

Gross revenues from marine capture fisheries worldwide are estimated at between US\$ 80 and 85 billion annually (FAO, 2009);

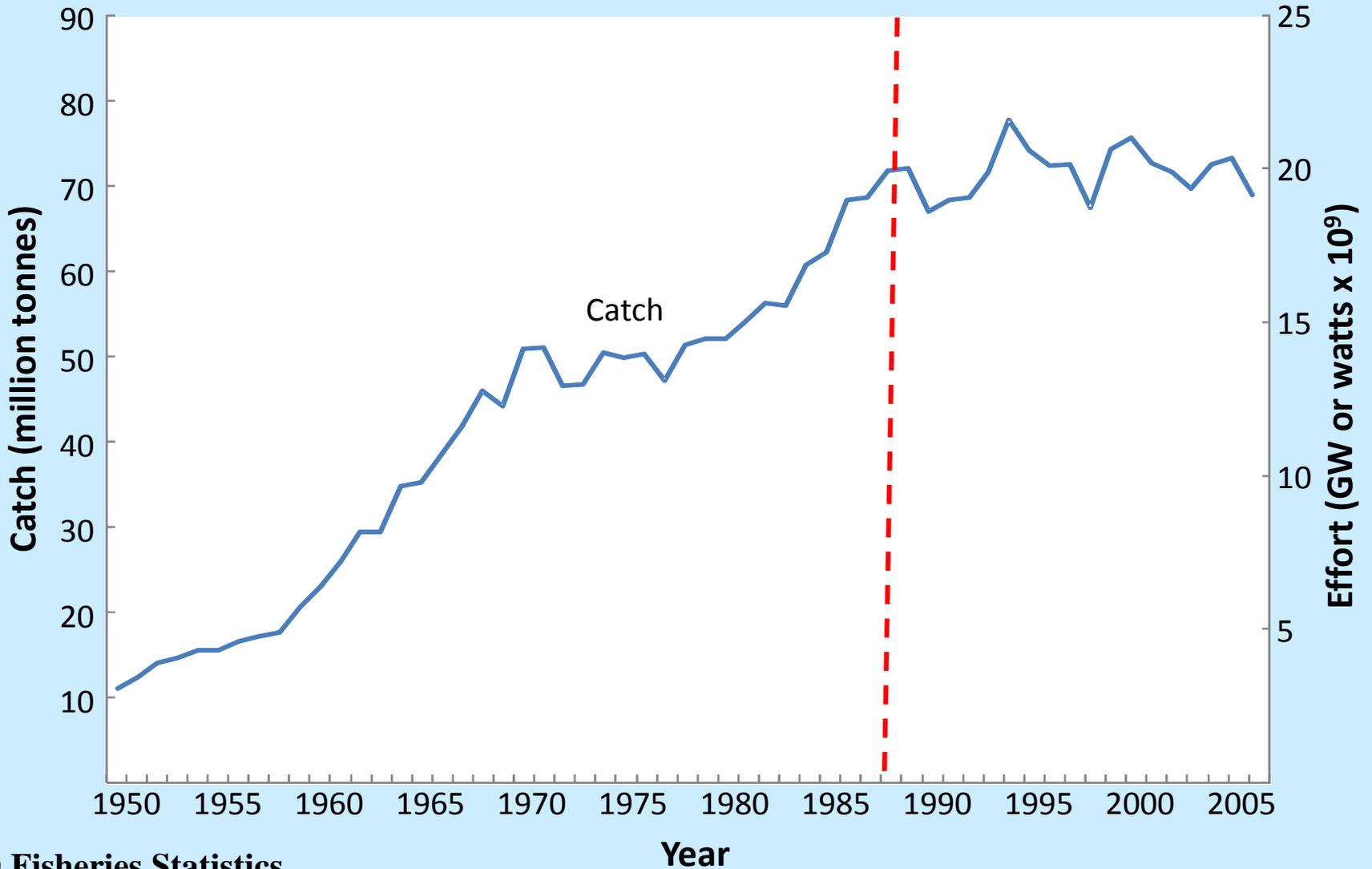
Total impact throughout the global economy is between US\$ 220 and 235 billion in 2003 (Dyck & Sumaila, 2010).

# Contribution of LMEs to employment



Top 10 countries providing marine employment

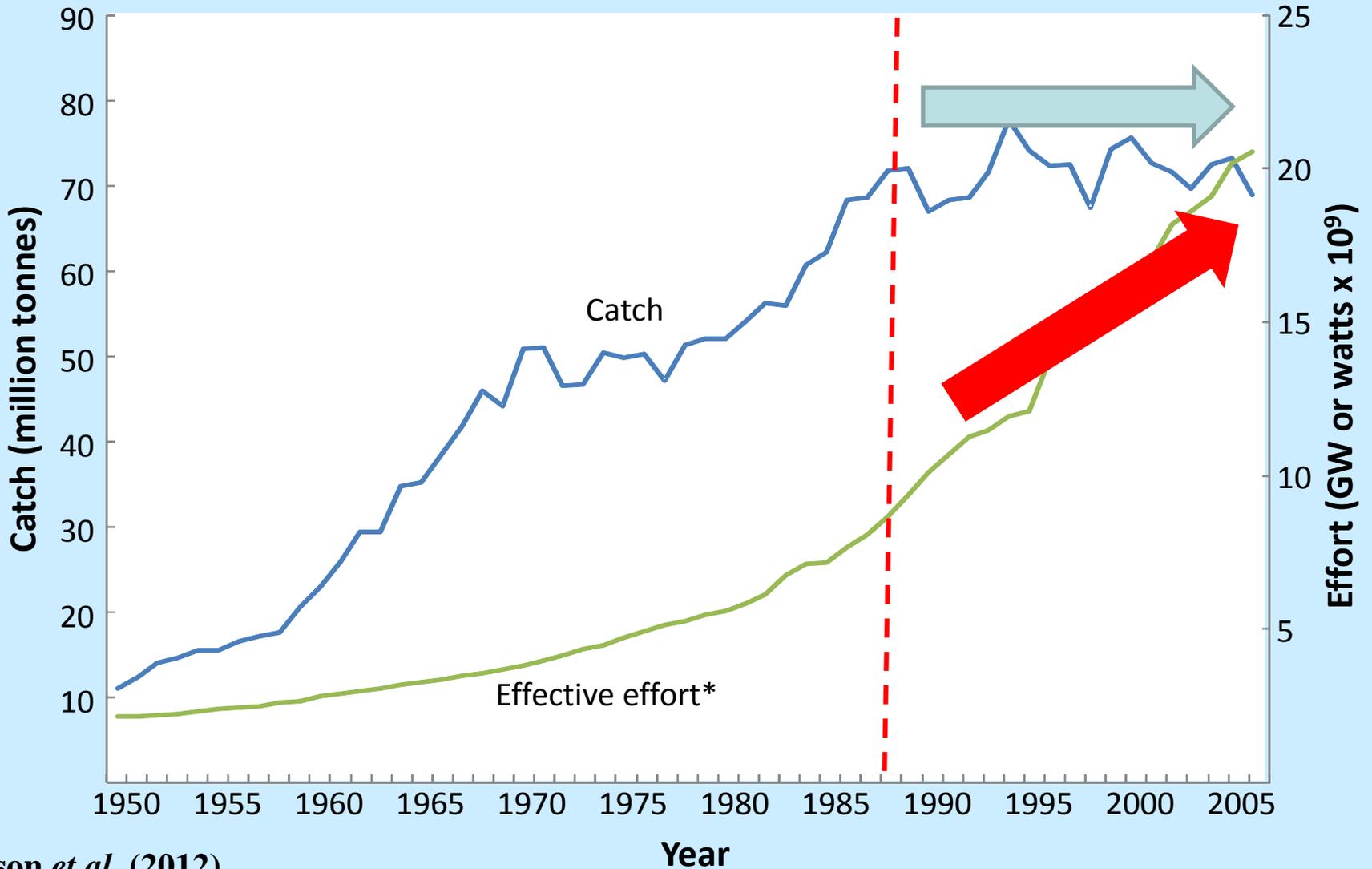
# Global LME catch and effort



FAO Fisheries Statistics

\*Effective effort indexed on 2000 based on average 2.42% increase annually

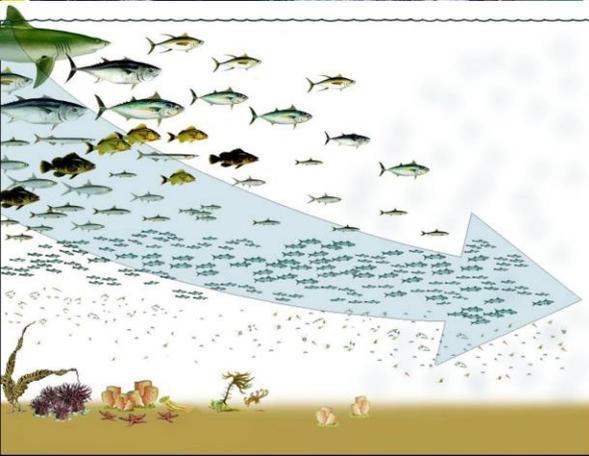
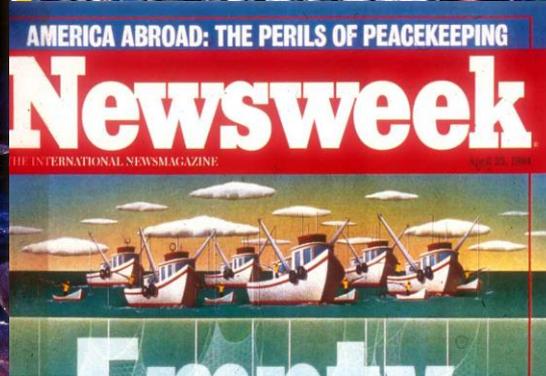
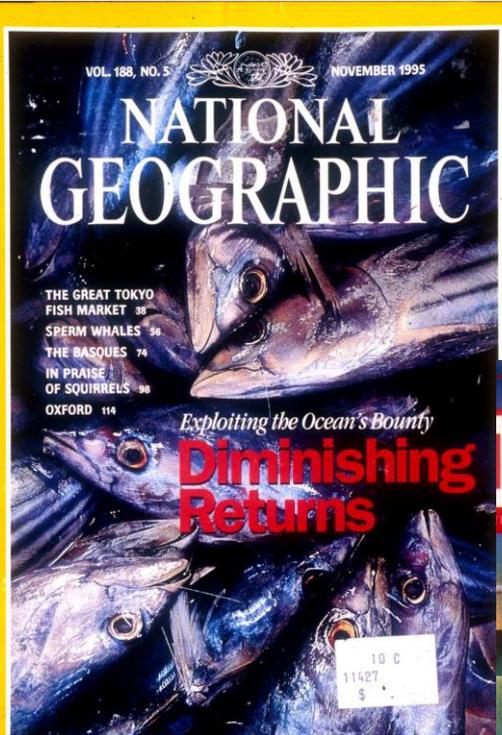
# Global LME catch and effort



Watson *et al.* (2012)

\*Effective effort indexed on 2000 based on average 2.42% increase annually

# Human impacts on marine ecosystems



# Climate change biophysical impacts

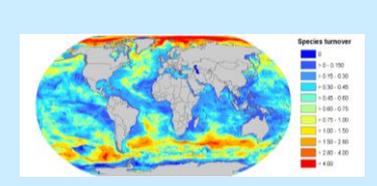
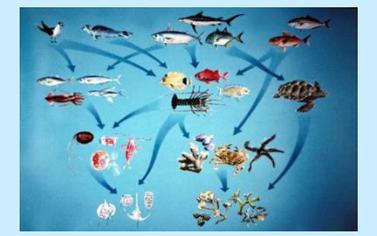
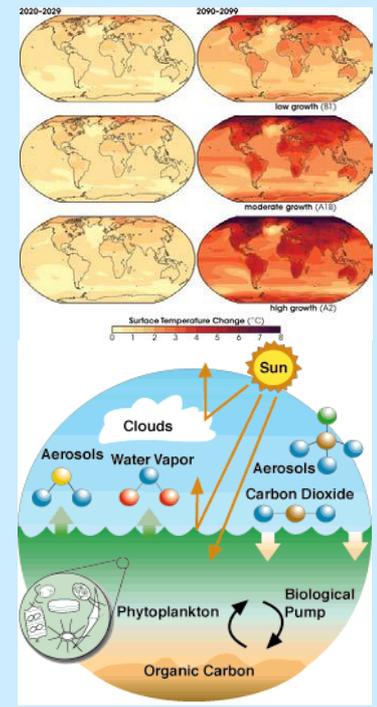
## Physical change in the ocean

- ↑ SST;
- retreat of sea ice;
- ↑ acidification;
- ↑ coastal hypoxic & oxygen min. zone;
- ↑ sea surface level.



## Biological / ecological change in the ocean

- INDIVIDUAL**
  - Physiology;
  - Growth; &
  - Body size.
- POPULATION**
  - Distribution;
  - Abundance; &
  - Recruitment.
- COMMUNITY**
  - Species composition;
  - Invasion/extinction.
- ECOSYSTEM**
  - Productivity; &
  - Species interaction.



Cheung *et al.* (2010); Hoegh-Guldberg and Bruno (2010); Brander (2010)

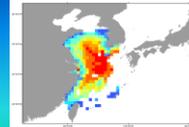
# Climate change implications

- It will result in changes in the following:
  - Catches and food security;
  - The economics of fishing
    - Catch (landed) values;
    - Cost of fishing;
    - Profits to fishing companies;
    - LME-based fisheries job.
  - The governance and management of human-coastal environments.

# Methods

Global climate change projections

Predicted future species distribution



Species composition in each LME

Catch potential & landings (t)



Gear type composition



Total variable fishing cost (\$)

Unit variable cost (\$/tonne)

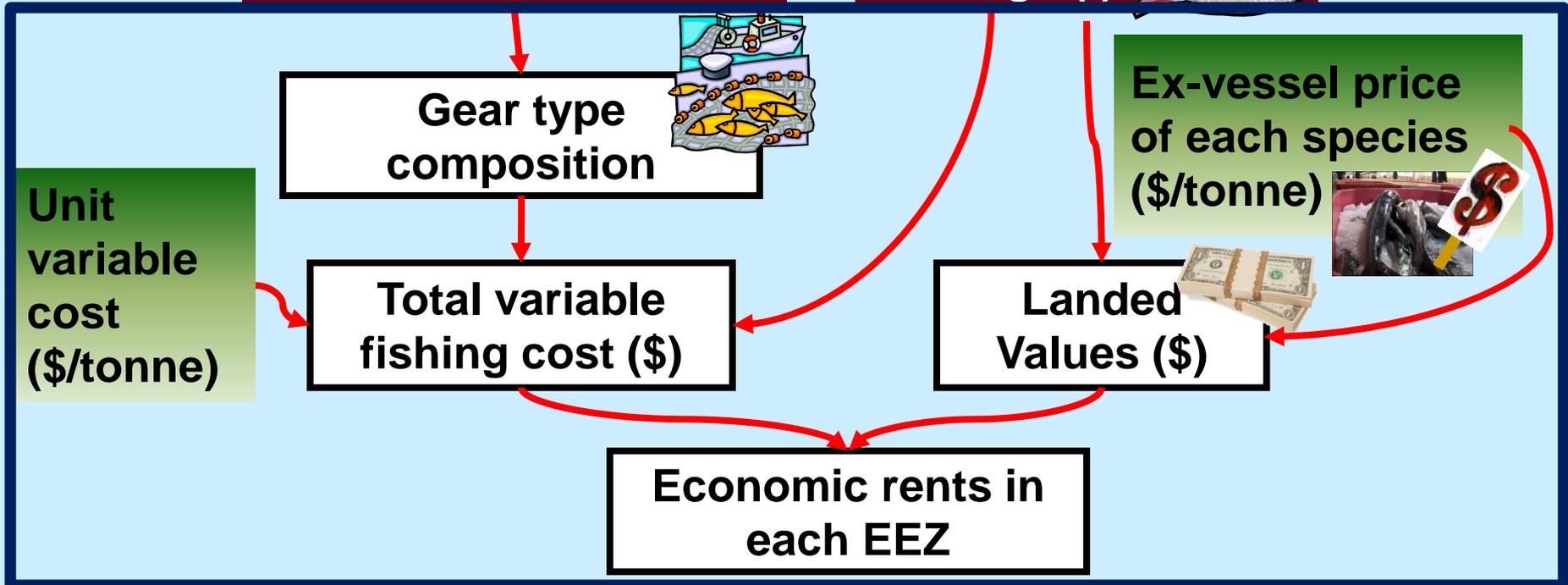
Ex-vessel price of each species (\$/tonne)



Landed Values (\$)

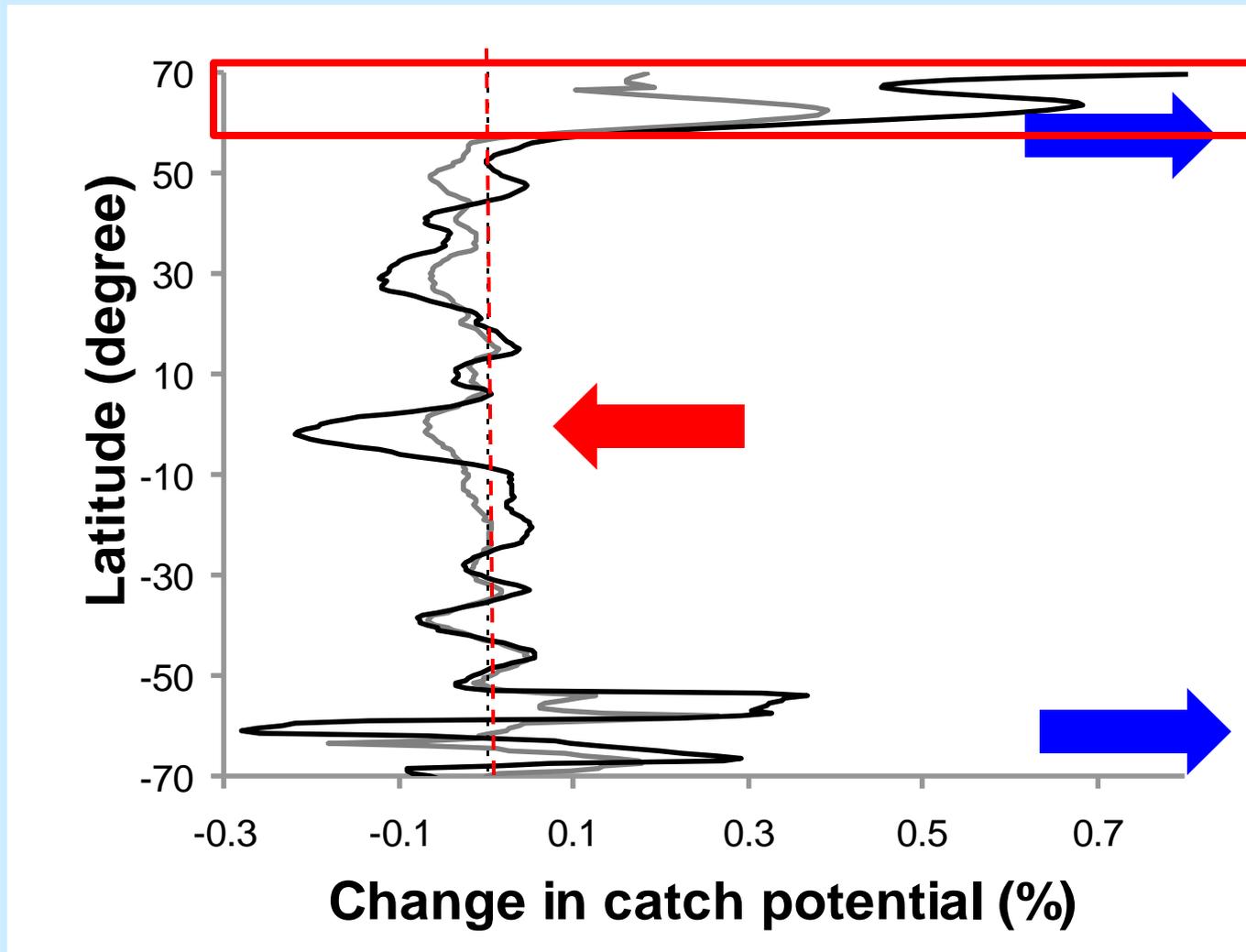


Economic rents in each EEZ



# Latitudinal average changes in potential catch

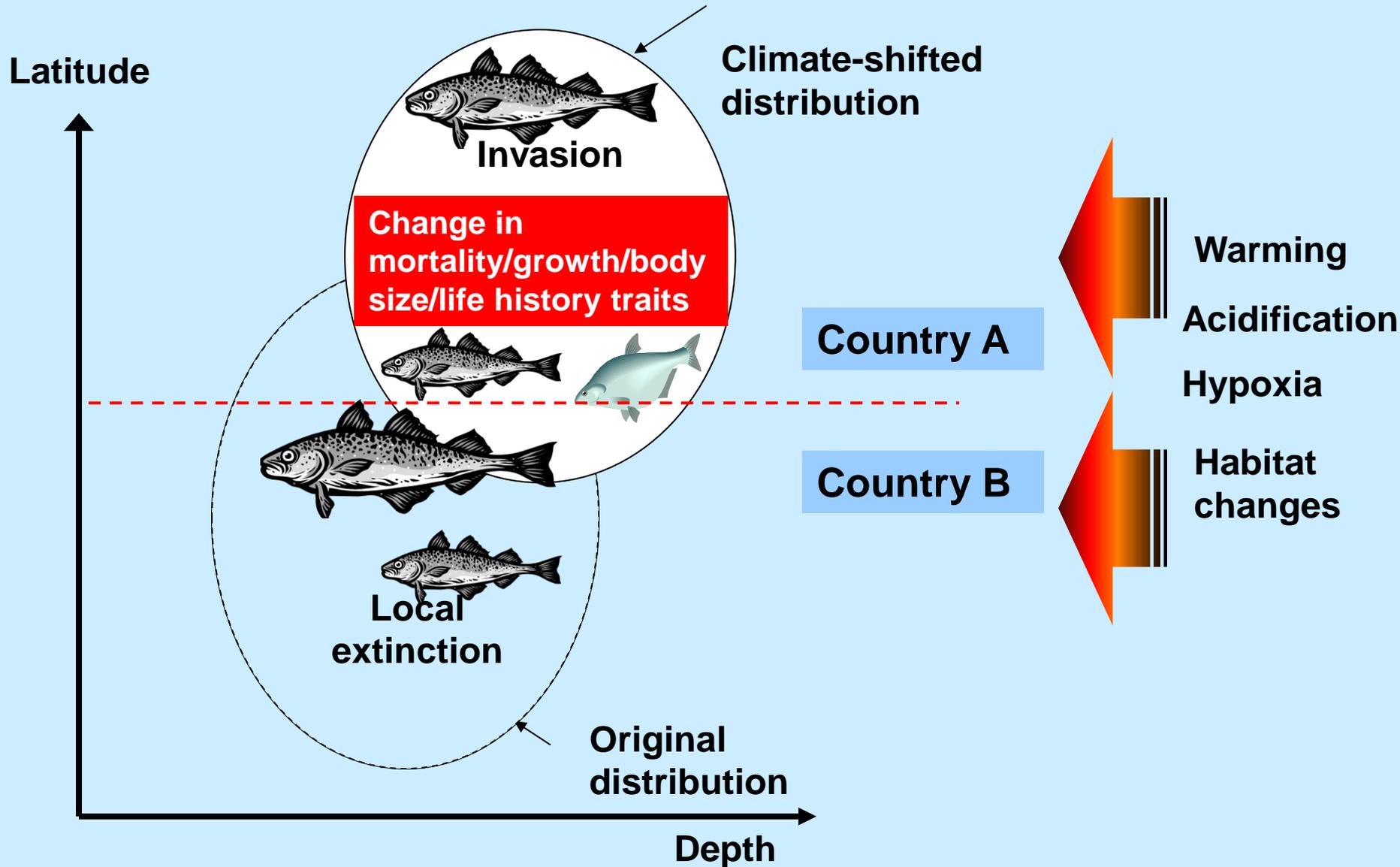
## Global LMEs



# Distribution of fish protein under climate change



# Management implication of climate change and ocean acidification



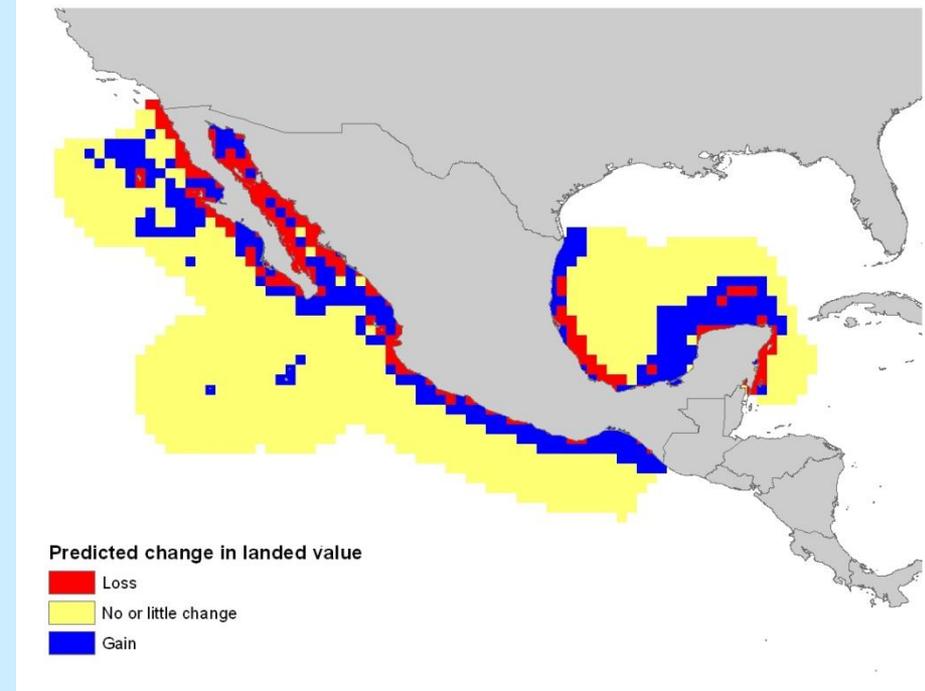
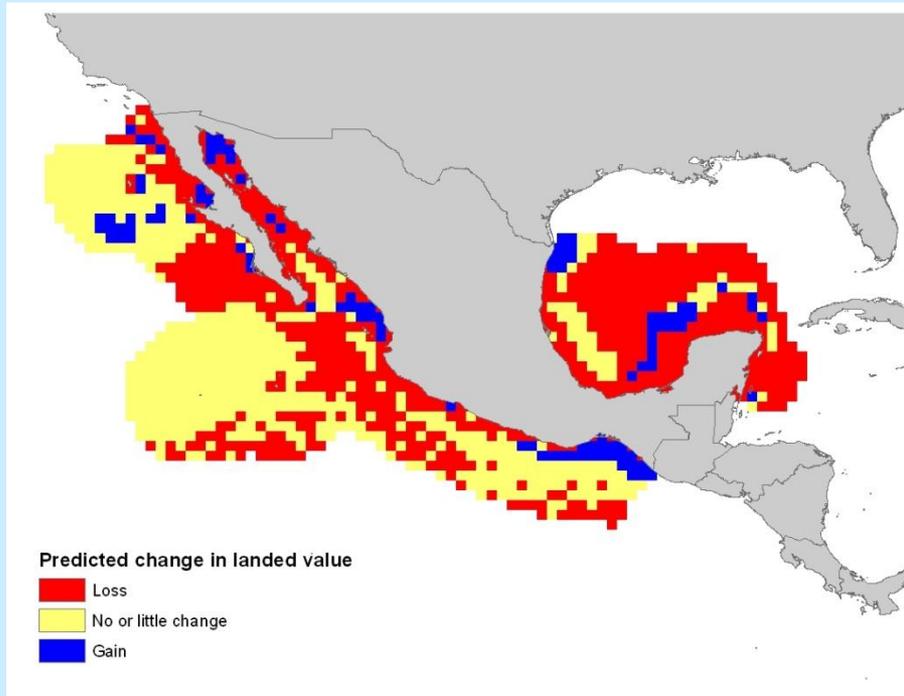
# Distribution of fish protein under climate change



# Example: Change in landed values in Mexican EEZ

**SEVERE** climate change scenario

**MILD** climate change scenario



Sumaila, Lam & Cheung (2015)

# Implications for resource sharing/allocations

England Northern Ireland Scotland Wales UK Politics Education Magazine

24 August 2010 Last updated at 11:56 GMT



## Why is Britain braced for a mackerel war?

By Andrew McFarlane  
BBC News Magazine



Mackerel stocks had recovered well during the past decade

Britain is said to be bracing itself for a re-run of Iceland - except this time the fish being fought for is mackerel. Yet, until recently, few were interested in a fish unclear.

WORLD NEWS



### Fishery Mackerel war could hurt Iceland's EU bid

27/08/10 17:19 CET

EUbusiness

Go to topic  Go to country

Members | Community | Events | Press | Forum | Jobs | Publications | Links

You are here: [Home](#) → [Breaking news](#) → [EU warns Iceland, Faroes over 'mackerel war'](#)

### EU warns Iceland, Faroes over 'mackerel war'

25 August 2010, 20:50 CET

— filed under: [Iceland](#), [fish](#), [environment](#), [Headline1](#), [Faroes](#)

(BRUSSELS) - Iceland and the Faroe Islands are overfishing mackerel way above a level deemed safe for the survival of the fish, the European Union's executive arm said Wednesday.

Iceland's fishing policies, notably its refusal to share its cod fishing waters, has been identified as a thorny issue to resolve with the EU in the North Atlantic island's bid to join the 27-nation club.

Oliver Drewes, the European Commission's spokesman for maritime affairs, said the dispute over mackerel would be discussed with Iceland and the Faroe Islands at a technical meeting in September.

"They are overfishing more than which is justifiable on the basis of scientific evidence," Drewes said at a news briefing.



Fishing boat

EU LAW  
LAW FIRMS  
COMPANIES  
FUNDING  
PROJECTS  
TENDERS

Match case

st world news



EU response to Hungarian sludge danger

11/10 19:42 CET



Greek policeman jailed for murder of teenager

11/10 19:42 CET



US grenade may have killed British aid worker

11/10 19:42 CET

# Key messages

- LMEs provide crucial ecosystems services, e.g., fisheries, that are important to people;
- Even without climate change, LME fisheries, in general, are in trouble;
- Climate change will affect the biophysics of the ocean;
- It would therefore impact the socioeconomics and governance of LMEs.

# Acknowledgements

- Global Ocean Economics
- The *Sea Around Us* projects.
- The UBC Global Fisheries Cluster
  
- Thanks very much for your attention!



*Fisheries  
Economics  
Research  
Unit*